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[OUTLOOK](#)

2023 Investment Outlook: Global Listed Real Assets

December 20, 2022

ESG, Lending Recovery and Data Growth Have the Potential to Fuel REITs

KEY POINTS

- 1 A recovery in credit and lending markets has the potential to fuel M&A.
- 2 Environmental, social and governance (ESG) and sustainability will significantly influence the future risk and total return prospects of REITs.
- 3 Early adopters of property technology (proptech) are well positioned to mitigate future expenses.

What We Are Seeing

As real estate prices rise, property values tend to appreciate, while cash flow streams also generally benefit. Besides top line benefits, REITs typically have high margins and operating efficiency, so that their business models tend to be less impacted by the upward pressure on expenses that comes from inflation.

The stabilizing interest rate environment expected in 2023 should bolster real estate investing. While U.S. REITs have historically underperformed U.S. equities during periods of large interest rate increases, they have outperformed three, six and 12 months after a significant rise in interest rates.¹

Office utilization rates have settled in at between 40% and 80% of pre-COVID levels, depending on the city and region.

Landlords who have already invested in energy efficiency, best-in-class air filtration and water and waste reductions will be the best positioned. Obsolescence risk will increase substantially for "carbon stranded" buildings unable to achieve the greenhouse gas emissions reductions necessary to be aligned with a 1.5°C pathway.

What We Are Doing

We focus on quality as measured not only by the attractiveness of a REIT's assets, but also by the attractiveness of a REIT's cash flows. We look for companies with defensive and growing earnings that trade at attractive relative multiples, and may offer attractive dividend yields.

We have an underweight position to offices and continue to scale back. Work-from-home policies will likely continue to hinder office demand, and uncertainty over future office absorption is expected to linger. Meanwhile, labor markets are moderating, with increased layoffs and hiring freezes.

Secular headwinds remain for retail amid expectations for growth in e-commerce and the focus on omnichannel distribution. We're taking advantage of the renewed importance of physical stores benefiting from increased brand recognition and stronger insulation from supply chain woes. We favor non-discretionary and convenience-oriented retail landlords, such as owners and operators of open-air shopping centers.

Sustainability is a core element of our research process, comparable to our focus on other factors such as building quality, tenancy, occupancy, and strategic business plans.

What We Are Watching

We anticipate a recovery in credit and lending markets. With roughly \$400 billion of undeployed capital on the sidelines,² we expect to see an increase in M&A activity, thereby crystalizing value and potentially favorable returns for REIT investors.

Companies without a sufficient annual capital expenditure (CAPEX) plan devoted to sustainability projects will struggle. Real estate is heavily impacted by the shared goal of businesses, governments and investors to achieve carbon neutrality by 2050.

Data growth and the need for digitized infrastructure underlying real estate will continue to be very positive. Early adopters of property technology (proptech) will be better equipped to mitigate expense pressures.

Contracted rental streams with inflation-linked escalations and the necessity-based nature of real estate, coupled with limited new supply additions due to rising construction costs, may portend limited downside in real estate cash flows.

Laurel Durkay

Head of Global Listed Real Assets

¹ Sources: Bloomberg, MSIM. Rising-yield periods are the 10 largest 1-month increases in the yield of the U.S. 10-Year Treasury since 2000 and through September 30, 2022. These rising-yield periods are 4/5/00-5/8/00; 11/7/01-12/7/01; 6/25/03-7/29/03; 3/23/04-4/23/04; 12/30/08-1/30/09; 4/27/09-5/27/09; 11/10/10-12/14/10; 6/5/13-7/5/13; 3/7/22-4/7/22; and 8/26/22-9/27/22. Average is calculated as the simple average of relative returns of REITs and equities over the time periods shown. U.S. REITS: FTSE Nareit All Equity REITs Index; U.S. Equities: S&P 500 Index. Returns shown during subsequent periods are calculated as an average cumulative return from the ending dates of the 12 rising-yield periods shown above, over the subsequent 3, 6 and 12 months.

² Source: Preqin.

Past performance should not be construed as a guarantee of future performance. Returns provided in USD terms. There is no guarantee that any historical trend illustrated above will be repeated in the future, and there is no way to predict precisely when such a trend might begin. It is not possible to invest in an index. Provided for illustrative purposes only.

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